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W. P. WALTON.

BEAUTY IN THE BATH.

THE ROLLER RINKS DESERTED FOR A MORE SEASONABLE SPORT.

Modus Operandi of Teaching a School-Girl the Art of Swimming—First Lessons of the Prussian Army System—Queer Case.

[Cincinnati Enquirer.]
"Yes," remarked an athletic young man, as he twirled his light mustache and looked complacently at the natty bathing-suit which clothed him from neck to knee, "yes, our young ladies—and gentlemen, too, for that matter—are dropping skate-rollers and getting ready for the salt water rollers to be met with on the beaches at Newport and Old Point Comfort."

The place was a long hall, the floor of which had been cut away in the center, the space planked up at the sides and then heavily coated with cement. The floor of the bath-tub, as it were, was a platform of the tub, or basin, sloped so that when full of water at one end it was four feet deep; at the other six or eight. Spring-boards, trapezes, and a shower with a twelve-foot drop extended over the water, and down the sides of the hall were ranged about forty dressing-rooms. Boys of from 12 years of age up to men of 40 were splashing about in the basin, diving from the boards and swinging from the swings. While the professor talked he kept his eye on the bathers.

He continued: "To give you an idea of the steps taken in teaching the art to women, we will imagine that this boy here is a young woman of say 15 years of age."

The boy was a remarkably lean specimen. His mother would not call him handsome. He was a triangular piece of striped muslin about his size, and he was shouting, splashing water, and in company with a score of companions, doing his best to get 20 cents' worth of fun out of the water before his hour was up.

"Now we will imagine that this young man is a school girl who has come in here for the purpose of learning to swim. It is ladies' day, of course, and no one is present in the building but myself and a number of lady pupils. The first thing she does is to retire to a dressing-room and put on a bathing suit like this."

The suit was of blue flannel, and consisted of two pieces—a high-cut waist and skirt reaching to the knees in one piece; a pair of loose knickerbockers the other.

"The suit, as you see, is perfectly modest, and is a facsimile of the more common seaside costumes. I place a belt about her waist in this fashion. I fasten a short cotton rope to the belt thus. The end of the rope, as you see, is secured to a pole, and with that pole in my hands I walk to the edge of the basin. The young lady walks out into the water until she has reached a sufficient depth, and then when I say 'now,' she chest downward upon the water, the rope holding her in that position as securely and comfortably as can be. Then I say 'one,' and the young woman brings her arms around before her head with her hands together; 'two,' the hands are drawn in to the chest and the feet drawn up; 'three,' and the hands are rapidly stretched out, while she feet kick like the feet of a frog in the act of swimming. Those three simple motions are gone through with a number of times in each lesson, and almost before she knows it our young woman can swim."

"This is the system as taught in the Prussian army, and I do not hesitate to say it is the best method of teaching the art as yet known. After the lady has attained some little ability, and can swim the motions of her hands and feet so that they come together, I slacken the rope more or less, until in the course of time the pole is dispensed with altogether, and I follow with the end of a line in my hand while the pupil swims from end to end of the basin, through deep and shallow water alike. It is essential that she be taught to swim in water that is 'over head,' as the boys say. Of course it is just as hard to swim in shallow water as in water 100 feet deep; but, all the same, those swimmers who have attained the art in four feet of water can not always swim when they learn there is no accessible bottom under them."

"I had a curious case of that kind last week. A young woman came in from Walnut Hills. She swam about very gracefully in the shallow end of the basin. For a time, but when I asked her, 'Why don't you swim up to the other end, where the water is deep?' she replied, 'I am afraid.' I learned to swim in shallow water, and have never been out of my depth."

"I saw that she was fairly expert, so I persuaded her to swim out to the six-foot depth, taking the precaution, however, to fasten the beginner's rope about her waist. Suddenly she threw up her hands and would have gone but for the rope in my hands, which held her up and gently towed her out of the deeper place. She had not fainted, and was not cramped in any way, but had merely lost confidence as soon as she thought crossed her mind that she was swimming in deep water."

Captured by the Waiters.

[New York Sun.]
The other day at High Bridge a gentleman, with his wife and little boy, left a table in one of the beer pavilions and started for the door, leaving his cane behind him. Six waiters seized it and bore it to him in a body.

First (enthusiastically)—You forgot your cane, sir!
Second (triumphantly)—You forgot your cane, sir!
Third (confidentially)—You forgot your cane, sir!
Fourth (artlessly)—You forgot your cane, sir!
Fifth (hopelessly)—You forgot your cane, sir!
Sixth (self-assuredly)—You forgot your cane, sir!

The unhappy man took the cane regretfully, handed each waiter a quarter, and rejoined his wife timidly.

Wife (threateningly)—How much did you pay them?

Gentleman (despairingly)—Dollar and a half.

Wife (disgustfully)—And the cane cost?

Gentleman (dejectedly)—Fifteen cents.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—Larkin Briscoe was fined \$10 by the county judge Thursday morning on a charge of gambling.

—A phaeton belonging to Mrs. Jas. Kenard collided with a buggy on Main street Tuesday morning when a wheel of the vehicle first struck was destroyed.

—Mollie Godby and Fannie Merrim confessed judgement Wednesday morning before the police court on a charge of lewd conduct and associations and were fined \$5 each.

—A Cincinnati Commercial evangelist, whose "entitlement" is Mr. Hukill, sent J. C. Masonheimer, the grocer, a postal card, on Wednesday on which was the following: "If it don't show I'll visit you about Friday. Don't meet me at the depot with a brass band."

—Mr. J. H. Mitchell, of the West End and Mrs. George Ann Williams, were married Wednesday evening by Eld. S. W. Crutcher and on Thursday morning the fair and blushing bride was arraigned before the county judge for keeping a house of "ill-shape" and was fined \$50 and costs.

—Dr. K. W. Danlap is lying very ill with heart disease at the residence of his sister, Mrs. E. R. Jones. His friends have no hope of his recovery and but a faint one that he will ever leave his bed alive. Nearly all his children are here. Mrs. J. F. Van Winkle and her sister, Miss Bettie Dillon, have returned from a visit to Keokuk, Iowa.

—Wakfield & Hudson bought of Sam Johnson, of Garrard, a 6-year-old mare mule 15½ hands at \$160. From Jas. Hill of same county a nice driving horse at \$130. Same firm sold Wednesday to Alfred, Battis & Co., New Orleans, 20 extra nice broom mare mules averaging 10 hands 1 inch, the pick out of 40, head at \$230 each. Same New Orleans firm bought of H. Hendly 40 head green 15½ hand mules at \$107. From Nim Buster 11 head same class mules at same price.

Victor Boy has completed the smallest working revolver ever made. It is 1½ inches long, weighs less than half an ounce, and carries well enough to break a pane of glass 14 feet away.

LIFE.

[Clare Beatrice Coffey in Inter Ocean.]

To strive, to fail, to lose.
To struggle for some tantalizing prize.
To chase the phantom that forever flies.
To fight, and beaten effort gain the steep.
To long the unattainable to grasp.
To love, to hate, to weep.

To strike our fellow man.
To help the rabble roar, and hiss and jeer;
To know the depths of desolation's cup.
To hope to trust, to fear.

To look with envy on
When loudly peals some grand triumphal song.

To hide misfortune with a careless smile,
To suffer and be strong.

To pray, to watch, to trust.
To plead for strength, beseeching heaven—only aid.

To falter in our faith when sharply falls
The lash of ceasure o'er our shoulders laid.

To slumber beneath the cross.
To draw a battle of unending strife.
To give at last to death our joys and woes.
Thus ends the chapter of a human life.

DIPHTHERIA AND CROUP CURE.

Details of a Dangerous Case—Something Which is Worth Trying.

[St. Louis Globe Democrat.]

In a report to the French Academy of Medicine, Dr. Delbelle stated that he had cured a case of diphtheria and croup by the use of a mixture of turpentine and liquid tar, put them into a tin pan or cup and set fire to the mixture, taking care to have a large pan under it as safeguard against fire. A dense resinous smoke rises, making the room dark. The patient immediately seems to experience relief; the choking and the rattle stop; the patient falls into a slumber and seems to inhale the smoke with pleasure. The fibrinous membrane soon becomes detached, and the patient coughs up microbes. These when caught in a glass may be seen to dissolve in the smoke. In the course of three or four days the patient entirely recovers.

The above information has been quite largely copied into the papers, and with it the relief and cure of Rula Leekwood, a 9-year-old child, who was dangerously sick with diphtheria, but the disease readily yielded to the above mode of treatment, and the child was cured. A case occurring in Boston, recently, is worthy of note at this particular time, when the two forms of disease are quite prevalent. The facts in the case, in brief, are as follows:

Jennie Brown, a child of some 5 years of age, was dangerously sick with diphtheria; her attending physician had no hopes of her recovery; he declared to a person that out of the many cases under his treatment three were beyond cure, and little Jennie was one of that number. The father of the child had read of the above treatment, and on his own responsibility—and that, too, without consultation with the attending physician—he obtained the mixture, taking two tablespoonfuls of each, but he now considers that one of each would have been sufficient, and there would have been less danger of burning the carpet, etc. The child was in bed, breathing so loud that it could be heard all over the house; but as soon as the tar and turpentine began to burn she was relieved, and breathed quite freely, and soon commenced to cough and raise; and to the father's surprise and delight she commenced to gain from that moment. He followed up this treatment for three nights, the attending physician approving it, and the child today is well. The other two children alluded to above did not have this form of treatment, and they are numbered with the dead.

This remedy may not be an infallible cure in all cases, and with all persons, but surely it could do no harm in cases that have been given up as incurable by the medical men. The father said that he would advise the removal from the apartment where this treatment is to be applied of all articles that would be likely to be injured by the smoke of the ingredients, before setting fire to the mixture.

Letter From Kansas.

[To the Editor of the Interior Journal.]

MECHANIC LODGE, July 20.—This little city has a beautiful location, in fact the situation is all that could be desired, the town being on a ridge between the Medicine river and Elm creek. These two streams supply living water the year round. The center of the town is on the backbone of this ridge and the main business street runs lengthwise. The gentle slope on either side is pretty well built up and the entire town is better drained than any other place that I have seen in the State, which makes it exceptionally healthy. There are several large business houses and a number of small ones. The church edifices are small and inferior, but they probably accommodate all who are disposed to attend. A few good people are entitled to much credit for what has been done in that line. The first thing that strikes the visitor is the number of brick buildings and side walks, the latter because of the scarcity of stone. Not much more than one half of Barbour county can properly be called farming land, although the land agents will claim that it is nearly all tillable. The real estate men complain of business being exceedingly dull, though after the customary plaint one of them confidentially informed me that he had sold two farms this week and had made a good thing out of them. Perhaps he did, it is not for me to be the first to doubt the word of a land agent, one of these guileless creatures who always tells you the bright, shiny features of the county and always throws dust in your eyes as to the dark side.

While there is not much wheat in south-west Kansas, say from Wellington, West, the fields that are growing look well, especially in Harper and Barbour counties, it is good when compared with other portions of the State. Corn looks well, being in many instances in shoot and tassel. Oats look well and will compare with any I have seen in Kentucky. The valleys of Barbour are fertile, at least the growing crops show up to the present time.

One thing is noticeable here and that is a general shiftlessness that seems to prevail. The portion of Barbour east of here has passed the sod house and dugout era and many comfortable houses or cabins are to be seen standing unobscured in their nakedness. Some are planting a few trees. That trees will grow here in a dwarf state is evident by the fact that around some of these farm houses are thirty trees. The natives carefully point out these spots, but when the traveler passes any of the 'homes' where only the house of sod and stable of hay and where chickens have to stand in each other's shade to keep out of the rays of the sun, and where the wife is starved for the sight of trees, either shade or fruit, nothing is said except about the cheap land and its richness. The average settler, passing by creek bottoms probably every week, fails to take home even a poor little cotton-wood switch, leaving wife and children to swelter in the concentrated heat of their little home unless perchance they are still gathered under a sod roof, which the wife with woman's ingenuity improves by planting flower seed on its top. These men praise the country and call it the "garden spot of the world" and thereby prove they are unfit to pull weeds in the fence corners of any progressive country. I asked several of these gentlemen why they did not cut out trees. They said they did not have time, but would do it some time, yet I saw them sitting on the goods boxes in Medicine Lodge more than six hours talking a stream of nothing. There is not one of them that could not have planted at least two trees and thereby added two years to the lives of women brought from eastern homes to the miserable excruciating where they are now compelled to eat and sleep. There remains too much of the cattle man instinct that leads one to search for gold, lay it up and keep in mind the home "back East." These men will not change and it remains for the new comer to change the face of this country and make it the paradise now claimed. Up to this time there are nine towns in this county though before this reaches you there may be half a dozen more. The county is growing and there must be a supply for the demand for towns. One town agent told me that he could make money from a town site that did not have a house within ten miles of it. His father was one of the town site men of eastern Kansas in its early days. Most of the settlers have come unprepared to meet financial reverses and are ready to sell out at a nominal price and move farther West to a better place to grow up with the country. By far the largest number of emigrants pass through to Comanche, Clark and Meade counties and even further West. They don't seem to fear the hot sirocco that may come and the cold blizzards that are sure to come. They are after land and will get it, but little else. J. M. COOPER

France has a new marine cannon whose weight is 37½ tons; length, 35½ feet; calibre, 13 inches; weight of projectile, from 922 to 1,320 pounds; weight of charge, 395 to 440 pounds of powder; initial velocity, 2,130 feet, and whose maximum range is from 10 to 11 miles.

Kansas, fount treeless and a desert by the pioneers, now bears upon its fertile bosom 20,000,000 fruit trees and 200,000 acres of forest trees, all planted by man. An increased rainfall is one well-established result.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—The Lancaster Base Ball club has been reorganized with Mr. W. W. White as captain.

—The condition of ex Senator Bruce remains unchanged. Physicians have relinquished all hopes of his recovery.

—We have it from reliable sources that Mr. William A. Arnold, of this place, will at an early day be appointed Deputy United States Marshal under Marshal Gross.

—J. W. West and D. E. Collier bought the remaining five acres of the Danlap property on Lexington street near the College, for \$900. Dwelling houses will be built at once.

—The Trustees of the Public School purchased a fractional part of an acre of land on Lexington street from West & Collier, who will erect a public school building thereon, for \$900. This sum includes the building.

—Mr. E. E. McRobert found concealed behind a drawer in his safe fifty, five cent pieces dated 1866. They were bright and shiny and had evidently never been in circulation. Just who put them there and for what purpose, it will probably never be ascertained.

—Minnie Fauster, a colored woman, ate a water bucket full of apples Monday and died of cramp colic Tuesday evening. She had been drawing a pension for some time and an agent came here Tuesday to have it stopped as it had been developed she was not entitled to it. Death entered the game, however, and the agent's trip was fruitless.

—A meeting of the Garrard county Sunday school Union convened at the Presbyterian church Tuesday morning and continued until Tuesday night. Large crowds were in attendance and the meeting was of great interest. Addresses were delivered by Revs. Goodloe, Wishard, Reid, McKee, Gibson and Stephenson. Essays were read by Miss Nellie Hopper and Mrs. B. M. Bardett, of this place. The solos by Rev. Wishard and Miss Gill were prominent features of the occasion.

James W. Tate is as much the nominee of the democratic party as if he had been declared so by the biggest convention in the State. The authority of the State Central and Executive Committees to place a candidate in the field under certain circumstances has been recognized time and again heretofore, and until this time has never been disputed, or even questioned. An issue is now made by a few individuals who have been dissatisfied with other results, and have found this a convenient thing to growl over. It may be taken as a fact that, in less than thirty days, there will not be one of these parties who will not be ashamed of the ill nature and disaffection he has shown. —[Frankford Yeo-man.]

THAT HACKING COUGH can be quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER of Bourbon Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by Penny & McAllister.

ITCH cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Salicylic Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Penny & McAllister, Druggists, Stanford; also by M. C. A. D. N. Williams, Mt. Vernon.

What Will Surely Do It.
One's hair begins to fall out from many causes. The important question is, what is sure to make it grow again? According to the testimony of thousands, Parker's Hair Balm will do it. It quickly cures bald spots, restores the original color, and causes the hair to grow fast and well. It is not dry, not greasy, highly perfumed, safe. Never disappoints those who require a reliable dressing.

Tired and Languid Women.
How many women there are of whom these words are true: "They feel languid and tired, hardly able to bear their weight on their feet, the bloom all gone from their cheeks, irritable and cross without meaning to be, nervous all upset, worried with the children, fretted over little things, a burden to themselves and yet with no acute diseases." Want a remedy? But a few bottles of Parker's Tonic will drive all this away and relieve the troubles peculiar to their sex.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 18, 1878.
I have used and tested the "FAMOUS TOOTH WASH" and find it to be one of the best preparations for the teeth that has come under my notice. I can not recommend it to my patients in many cases. Being entirely composed of vegetable ingredients, and sure there is nothing in the preparation that will be a benefit to the teeth and gums; and preserving the one and hardening the other; am convinced that it must prove especially beneficial in case of sore or ulcerated mouth and soft or spongy gums.

J. F. CANINE, D. D. S.,
175 Fifth Street, near Walnut.
Prepared only by FAMOUS CHEMICAL CO., Louisville.
For sale by M. L. Bourne, Stanford.

"Rough on Rats" clears out rats and mice. 15c.
"Rough on Corns" for Corns and Bunions. 15c.
This people, "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. 5c.
"Rough on Toothache" gives instant relief. 15c.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu-palpa," great kidney and urinary cure. Files, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.
"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.
For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder. Try it. 15c.
Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." 5c.
Mother's Own's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation, flatulency, &c. 25c.
Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-palpa." 5c.
My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer." 5c.
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." 5c.
Prevalence of Kidney complaints in America; "Buchu-palpa" a quick, complete cure. 5c.

M'ROBERTS, & STAGG, DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTISTS,

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Drugs, Chemicals, Wall Paper, Wines, Musical Instruments, Pocket Cutlery, Stationery, Cigars, Tobacco, Fire Arms, Oils, Soaps, Perfumery, Fire Arms, Machine Needles.

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Give Me a Trial.
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Danville, Ky.

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A DESIRABLE DWELLING AND STOREHOUSE COMBINED. Best business location in the place. A bargain can be had by addressing or applying at once to T. J. CHRISTENSEN, 12-13

INCORPORATION NOTICE

—OF THE—
KY. HEAT FENDER CO

Know all men by these presents that we, the undersigned, John W. Holmes, Henry Fuller, B. S. Hite, L. M. Lasley, R. H. Bronaugh, James H. Harris and M. J. Harris have associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation under the provisions of Chap. 56 of the General Statutes of the State of Kentucky, entitled "Incorporated Companies." The name of the corporation shall be The Kentucky Heat Fender Co., and its principal place of business shall be in Crab Orchard, Lincoln county, Ky., and the general nature of the business to be transacted by said corporation is to manufacture and vend R. S. Hite's Patent Heat Fender Fruit and Cloth Dryer. No. of Letters Patent, 206,947. Patented August 13, 1878. The amount of capital stock authorized to be issued in the name of the corporation shall be now sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) divided into shares of one hundred dollars each. When thirty-five hundred dollars of the stock shall have been subscribed and fully paid up, the remaining twenty-five thousand, one hundred dollars of the capital stock shall be issued at such time as the Board of Directors of said corporation may authorize by unanimous vote at never less than one hundred dollars per share. The said corporation is to commence business on the first day of January, 1885, and to continue in business for the period of twenty-five years, unless sooner dissolved by a vote of the majority of the fully paid up capital stock. The affairs of said corporation shall be conducted and managed by a Board of Directors composed of five, and said Board of Directors shall be elected by stockholders annually on the first Monday in March of each year, and until the first regular election of said Board of Directors, M. J. Harris, R. H. Bronaugh, Henry Fuller, John W. Holmes and L. M. Lasley shall constitute and compose the Board of Directors of said corporation. The officers shall be a President, a Secretary and a Treasurer, and said officers of said corporation shall be elected annually on the first Monday in March of each year by the stockholders of said corporation at a meeting called for that purpose by the Board of Directors, and to hold their respective offices until their successors are elected and qualified; and until the first regular election of said officers and until the persons elected shall have qualified, R. H. Bronaugh shall hold the office of President and Manager, M. J. Harris shall hold the office of Secretary and John W. Holmes shall hold the office of Treasurer of said corporation. The highest amount of indebtedness to which said corporation shall be subject shall be ten thousand dollars, and no indebtedness shall be incurred except by the unanimous vote of the Board of Directors. The private property of the stockholders shall be exempt from all corporate debts and liabilities. In testimony whereof, we hereunto subscribe our names, this 15th day of June, 1885.

R. H. BRONAUGH, J. M. LASLEY,
JOHN W. HOLMES, HENRY FULLER,
M. J. HARRIS.

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Are you failing, try Wells' Health Renewer. A pure, clean, wholesome tonic.

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For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs, an Enfeebled System, General Debility, Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

Nice to take, truly merited, unequalled for TORPID LIVER, and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Debility, &c. &c. 50c per bottle, 6 for \$2.50, at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Disease of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fluid," each \$1.

For STIPITIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, \$1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilis Pills, \$2.00; and Chapin's Syphilis Salve, \$1.00; and Chapin's Syphilis Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express on receipt of \$10.00, or at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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For the BOWELS.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial is the most Southern remedy for colic, Hysteria, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera and all bowel affections, and removing the little evil suffering each a draught upon the system from the effects of excesses. For sale by all druggists at 50 cents a bottle.

Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein will cure Coughs, Croup and Consumption. Price 50c and \$1 a bottle. Both for sale by Dr. M. L. BOURNE, Stanford.

It has taken the lead in the value of that class of medicine, and has gained almost universal satisfaction.

MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.

It has won the favor of the public and now stands among the leading Medicines of the day.

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Sold by Druggists.

The Mirror

is no flatterer. Would you make it tell a sweeter tale? Magnolia Balm is the charmer that almost cheats the looking-glass.